NEW YORK.

e Taft hard and fast sturies block in the selection of a cal saign treasurer. The post has been tendered to several so far, all of whom have declined on the ground that they could not spare the time for the arduous duty.

"This matter of time seems to be the chief trouble," said James B. Reynolds, secretary of the national subcommittee, at headquarters today. "All of the men we had settled on insisted that their private affairs could not spare the time that the treasurership would need.

"The appointment of advisory and executive committees is also under advisement, and selections probably will not be made before the mittee of the second sec

## \$649,410.05 IN 1908

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20. By contributing \$10,000 himself and permitting each of his three sons to contribute \$9,000. Herman Ridder, treasurer of the Democratic National Committee of 1908, evaded the Bryan dictum against contributions of more than \$10,-Ridder soon appeared before

the Senate subcommittee investi-

the Senate subcommittee investigating campaign expenses.

He produced detailed records of the 1908 campaign, not only for New York State, as required by law, but for the entire United States, showing the Democratic war chest contained \$620,644.77. Before the campaign was over \$619,410.05 was spent.

Ridder's account showed, however, the balance was not sufficient to pay outstanding bills after the campaign. He then collected \$8,000 more.

The record includes a list of

lected \$8,000 more.

The record includes a list of 25,000 names, representing more than 100,000 contributors, as club contributions were noted in bulk.

The list of expenses includes \$129,052,73, spent in organization in the State; for the labor bureau, \$37,401.36; finance committee, \$26,586,54; publicity bureau, \$88,899.43, and documents, \$142,537.25,

"Were there any large contri-butions?" asked Senator Clapp. "Yes. I made the largest. My sons and I contributed \$37,000 and Tammany Hall came next, with \$10,000.. There were several large contributions made up of small ones, and put in under one name. For instance, Ewing of name. For instance, Ewing, of Louisiana, collected about \$37,000

name. For instance, Ewing, of Louisiana, collected about \$37,000 in five and ten cent pieces."

SOME WHO CONTRIBUTED.

Among the individual contributors William F. Sheehan gave \$3,000; Edward M. Shepard, a New York lawyer, \$1,000; John T. Mc-Graw, of West Virginia, \$2,000; Herbert H. Lehman, of New York, \$10,000; Licutenant-Governor Conway, of New York, \$1,000; Samuel Untermeyer, \$2,500.

J. S. Cram, now of the New York Public Service Commission, and identified with Tammany Hall, whom the witness described as a "geatleman of leisure," gave \$1,000.

Others mentioned as contributors were: E. F. Goltra, of St. Louis, \$3,000; Delancy Nicoll, \$1,000; Nathan Straus, \$1,000; National Democratic Club, \$2,500; Archibald McNeill, of New York, \$1,000; M. B. Carey, a New York lawyer, \$1,500; John W. Cox, assistant trensurer of the National Committee, \$3,000; D. R. Francis, of St. Louis, \$3,000; Senator Chilton, \$1,000, and Norman E. Mack, \$1,000.

This list, Ridder declared, included practically all the contributions of \$10,000 or more.

"Was any money received by your committee which is not in these accounts?" Mr. Ridder was asked.

"No money passed through my

"No money passed through my hands not included in the record." "Do you recall any contributions by August Belmoat or by Thomas F. Ryan?"

by August Belmont or by Thomas F. Ryan?"

"No, neither made contributions unless they did so under cover of some other subscription, and I don't think that is true, because the subscriptions were too small."

"Do you know whether any of the contributors made contributions on behalf of any interest?"

"No, but I am sure they did not," Ridder declared that he had nothing to do with the financial end of the 1904 national campaign, nor with the congressional campaigns of 1906 and 1910.

but explained that he could appear on the Southside tonight. The club thereupon decided that he should speak under its auspices,

he should speak under its auspices, although this was not its regular

meeting night.

But, as has been explained, it rescinded its former action after quite a flurry of debate. The Montague men in the organization, of course, were for standing by the original action and the Lamb men were against it. Both factions stoutly held their ground, but the Lambites had a little the better of it. They prevailed by one vote. It is said that hardly thirty

men—if that number—were at the meeting, though those present were certainly tenacious of their

It was just before Captain Lamb's appearance on the ros-trum that the resolution allowing tonight's meeting to be held under the auspices of the club was

While the congressman was speaking the members reflected over their action with the result indicated. Attorney Charles L. Page, in a fervid speech, begged the voters to reconsider and then opposition to the motion to re-consider, but it finally prevailed.

NO COMMENT TODAY.

Mr. Montague declined to comment on the incident this morning, and no statement concerning

the debate was given out from Captain Lamb's headquarters. It was said by some of the ex-Governor's friends, however, that Governor's friends, however, that the victory for the Lamb contin-gent meant little or nothing so far as showing the comparative strength of the two candidates is

strength of the two candidates is concerned, as the crowd in attendance was very small.

Undaunted by what occurred last night, Mr. Montague will speak this evening and the indications are that he will have a fine crowd. The Blues' Band is the transic for the occusion. Captain Lamb spoke with a good deal of vim last night, and although the South Rienmond

club's quarters are quite small and not particularly comfortable, and not particularly comfortable, the audience present was all at-

shortly after midnight. The first fire was in the Gardner and Walker VERY THURSDALR tobacco factory, while the second desiroyed five tobacco barns in the tobacco district.

that city since last Wednesday.

Judge Williams, in going over the

will not be made before the subcommittee of the national committee meets on Monday. We want a few thoroughly competent men on both of these to whom the management of practically the entire campaign can be entrusted.

"Although the subcommittee does not get together again until Monday, the members are in constant touch, and in all likelihood several men entirely eligible to the treasurership will be sounded out before then."

THATCRATS SPENT

that city since last wednesday, Judge Williams, in going over the case, said that it had been found that in addition to the balance of over \$0.000 against Paylor, and which should have been paid to the State Auditor on July 15th, there was another item of \$6.589.29. This latter sum represents the sale of adhesive stamps, and also certain delinquent tax tickets which had been found that in addition to the balance of over \$0.000 against Paylor, and which should have been paid to the State Auditor on July 15th, there was another item of \$6.589.29. This latter sum represents the sale of adhesive stamps, and also certain delinquent tax tickets which had been sounded out before then."

mittance.

It is possible that this sum will be reduced considerably, but the suit was brought to recover the apparent difference due the State by Paylor. The actual amount will not be known for some time—not till the investigation of the books and accounts has been completed by expert accountants.

Attaching His Property.

Tuesday Judge Williams had issued

Attaching His Property.

Tuesday Judge Williams had issued and filed in the city of Danville and in the county of Pittsylvania a lis pendens against all the property of whatsoever character standing in the name of Paylor. This is the usual process in such cases, and is for the protection of the State and the bondsmen. It is not known at this time whether Paylor owns anything in the way of proprty that can be attached, but the course was pursued for the benefit of the State, which has a first lien on all the property, if any, which

benefit of the State, which has a first lien on all the property, if any, which Paylor may have owned.

Judge Williams did not go to Danville last evening, as he intended and as he had announced. He said today that he found that all the papers in the case were at hand, that the records are complete in every detail, and that he could have accomplished nothing by going to Danville. He remained here and at once began the necessary court action to protect the interests of Virginia, and also to hold the bonding company responsible for the difference between the amount due and that paid the State.

Delinquent Taxes.

Delinquent Taxes. Attention is called to the "apparent" balance due the State by Paylor. In making his final settlement for the year 1911 he sent in such tax tickets as had not been collected, and for these he was given credit on the books. Later, in order to make a further effort to collect these tickets, they were returned to the Treasurer and he and his deputies were directed to take such steps as would result in their payment. It may be that some of these have been accounted for, and it may be that not one of them has been collected, but are still in the Danville office uncollected. in the Danville office uncollected.
Only an investigation can disclose this, and that has already been orthered. If the tickets are still there, then the item will be eliminated. If they have been collected and the money is in bank to the credit of the ence between the "apparent" and the real balance will be readily established and the amount in hand will reduce the "apparent" indebtedness.

DANVILLE, VA., Special.—The calling of the Common Council to meet at 5 o'clock this afternoon and the Board of Aldermen to meet Friday to formally declare the city treasurership vacant—a condition precedent to the filling of the office and the resumption of its functions—is about the only actual new development in the William S. Paylor case. Judge R. W. Peatross will make an appointment as soon as he is officially informed of the vacancy. His view is that this appointment will hold until the term for which Paylor was elected has exwhich Paylor was elected has ex-

for which Paylor was elected has expired.

Attorney General William, who was expected here from Richmond, did not arrive. The Commonwealth's Attorney is out of town. City Anditor Brydon has returned, but has yet begun no scrutiny of Paylor's accounts with the city. Meanwhile haif a dozen aspirants for the position to be filled by appointment are busy urging their claims. Among these is former Treasurer G. P. Geoghegan, Paylor's brother-in-law. Paylor's departure is attributed partially at least to domestic infelicity, as two of his own letters indicate. The theory of an affinity is without foundation, so far as has been developed. "The other woman" referred to in gossip and rumor has not yet returned to the city, nor is her whereabouts absolutely known. Paylor has about \$1,300 on deposit here. Paylor has about \$1,300 in two banks here to his credit, as treasurer. It is said he has several thousand dollars of uncollected license taxes also, but the office is closed and definite figures are not available.

### GOVERNOR WILSON IN SECLUSION

SEA GIRT, N. J., Special.— Governor Wilson has left Sea Girt and today is in seclusion writing his speech of acceptance of the Democratic presidential nomina-tion. He will be away three days

and possibly a week.

When the Governor left here he was undecided whether to attack the bosses in his speech or to pass that issue over in favor of others, like the tariff and the high

cost of living.
One element among the Governor's intimate advisers favor a conciliatory course towards bosses. They have suggested that whereas the Democratic platform contains no plank on the boss question, it is not incumbent upon him to speak of it, and that the effect of any harsh words would be a dis-turbance of the present harmoni-ous condition of the Democratic

Another element, representing more particularly admirers of William J. Bryan, wants Governor Wilson to attack the bosses.

### HAD LONG WAIT, BUT HE FINALLY WON HER

BALTIMORE, MD., Special.-After a walt of seventeen years, during which he suffered many heartaches, happiness came to George P. Wingson, a fullthe audience present was all attention.

The speaker followed the usual line he has adopted for his campaign. He told of what he had accomplished in Congress for Manchester and Richmond, and declared that since he had been in the House more than \$1,500,000 had been appropriated for James River improvements.

TWO FIRES DESTROY

\$100,000 IN PROPERTY

PADUCAH, KY., Special. — Fires thought to be incendiary, destroyed \$100,000 worth of property here

blooded Chinaman, when he walked to the altar with his bride, Mrs. Lottie Winsor, thirty-three years old, Mrs. Lottie Winson, thirty-three years of the bride and a few of the parishioners of Fourteen Holy Martyrs' Catholic Church, were the witnesses. Wingson is a convert to the Catholic faith. For a number of years he has been in the restaurant business. He was born in China and came to America when a boy.

When quite young Wingson met his bride of today. She was then Miss Lottie Kubska, sixteen years old. Wingson was smitten. She did not think of marrying, and, despite the efforts of the Chinaman to win her affection, he made slow progress. blooded Chinaman, when he walk-



Taking up the express compa-nies, Garinder declared they were ineffective in solving the problem because they do not reach the farmer in one case and in an-other their rates are exorbitant and often prohibitive, because of the large share which goes to the railroads.

### CANAL BILL MAY BE DEFERRED

Senator Brandagee, of Connecticut, in Charge of Measure Is Authority.

ment to pay such expenses and refused to allow a voucher for those

WASHINGTON, D. C., Special .-WASHINGTON, D. C., Special.—
The postofilee appropriation bill, carrying approximately \$232,000,000, was reported today to the Senate.

The principal feature of the bill is a provision establishing a parcels post on the zone system. This plan was worked out by Senator Bourne, chairman of the Senate Committee on Postofilees and Post Roads.

The bill also does away with the bine tag order of the Postmaster General. This order had the effect of sending all second-class periodicals of more than weekly issue by fast freight, instead of by regular mail trains.

mail treight, instead of by regular mail trains.

The bill makes no increases in second-class rates,
Senator Bourne said he would file the report within the next two or three days. He also intends to submit what he characterizes as an "information form" of the bill. In this he will set out, with numbers and footnotes, an explanation of each important item. This is an innovation in dealing with ap-

propriation bills in the Senate.

The parcels post provision in the bill reported by the committee leaves third class matter as it now exists. Third class matter embraces printed documents, for which the rate is one cent for each two ounces or fraction there-

The fourth class matter, to which the parcels post section applies, includes all matter not embraced in other classes, such as small packages up to eleven pounds and for which the charge under the present arrangements is one cent for each ounce or frac-

The Shackleford good roads provision, which was added in the House bill, is stricken out of the senate measure and a substitute is provided, embodying the cre-ation of a joint committee, three from each house, to be appointed by the respective chairman on postoffices and post roads, with instructions to make a study of the good roads question and report to Congress at the earliest possible date.

The original Shackleford prop-

osition was for the payment by the Federal Government to the different States and localities of stipulated and graduated sums, according to the road improve-ment made by different States and localities, and over which rural and star route carriers operate. GARINDER'S SPEECH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23. enator Obadiah Garinder, of Maine, today delivered his first speech in the Senate. He urged the establishment of a parcels post system. Its purpose, he said, was to provide an effective means of transportation for small ship-ments. He pointed out that the products the farmers sell for six billion dollars annually costs the consumer thirteen billions. In other words, the expense of get-ting six billion dollars worth of product from producer to con-sumer is seven billions of dollars.

sumer is seven billions of dollars.

The real problem, said the senator, is not so much the high cost of living as the high cost of living. And the high cost of living was largely due to insufficient and inefficient transportation systems. It was impractical for the railroads to deal adequately with small shipments. They were, he said, engaged in wholesale

# **BOUBT STORY OF**

WHITE STAR MANAGEMENT DO NOT BELIEVE HE MET WITH CAPTAIN SMITH.

LONDON, Special.-The story told by Captain Peter Pryal, of Baltimore, to the effect that he met Captain WASHINGTON, D. C., Pacial.—
Passage of the canal bill, to which Great Britain has noted objections, may be deferred until the next session of Congress.

To the effect that he met Captain Smith, the commander of the Titanic, who was supposed to have gone down with his vessel, on the streets of Baltimore on Friday last and talked with Senator Brandagee, of Connecticut, him was received with incredulity at in charge of the measure in the upper house, today expressed the pessimistic "We have heard nothing to indicate in charge of the measure in the upper house, today expressed the pessimistic prediction that action on the bill that Captain Smith did not meet death when the Titanic went down," said the "This Baltimore captain's

hey have been collected and the noney is in bank to the credit of the lelinquent tax fund, then the difference between the "apparent" and the ead balance will be readily established and the amount in hand will reluce the "apparent" indebtedness.

Successor To Be Named.

DANVILLE, VA., Special.—The alling of the Common Council to neet at 5 o'clock this afternoon and conference committees, representing that action on the bill "seemed far in the future."

"It is impossible to say when it when the Titanic went down," said the will be enacted," Brandagee declared.

"We hope to take it up next week. The proposed committee amendments will be in order, and will give cause for prolonged debate.

"Divergent views exist among senators, and they will require much time for presentation of their arguments.

"Finally, when the bill reaches the when the Titanic went down," said the when the Titanic went down, "said the will be enacted," Brandagee declared.

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"Divergent views exist among senators, and they will require much time for presentation of their arguments."

# TOWN OF MADERA

EL PASO, Special.—Before the week is over practically every rebe will have left the State of Chihuahur for Sonora. The town of Madera, it Western Chihuahua, is being looted of everything portable and the last of the rebels are now leaving for Sonora, over the Doralas trail.

Skirmishing is reported today be-tween the rebels of Salazar's and Campo's commands, advancing into Sonora from Casas Grandes, and the federals, under Sanjines, at Colonia.

## HOPE ALL WILL

Charge of Abduction Against Pretty Choir Singer Is Continued to Aug. 15th-Her Accuser Agrees to Her Release on Own Recognizance.

RICHMOND, VA., Special. Expressing the hope that the incident would result in the restoration of amicable relations be tween himself and his divorced wife, H. H. Stillson, the accuser, Tuesday morning, in Police Court heartily acquiesced in Justice Crutchfield's decision to bail Miss Marion Sisco, a pretty young wo-man, charged with kidnapping, upon her own recognizance to appear in Police Court on August 15th to answer to the charge. Miss Sisco was arrested late Monday afternoon at her home,

near Drewry's Bluff, in Chester-field county, by Captain of De-tectives Thomas J. McMahon and County Officer Traylor for the city authorities on a warrant worded as follows: "Did unlawfully and feloniously

seize, take away and secret from H. H. Stillson the child of H. H. Stillson, then having the lawful custody and charge of said child." The Stillsons, as is Miss Sisco, are originally from Michigan. Mrs. Stillson, who sometime are Mrs. Stillson, who sometime ago divorced her husband and return-ed to Michigan, is now living at

t. Clemens, in that State. The alleged kidnapped child is fourteen years old. Miss Sisco, it appears, was intimately acquainted with Mrs. Stillson, but she and Mr. Stillson were strangers to each other and are practically

Miss Sisco, who is twenty-two Miss Sisco, who is twenty-two years old and a choir singer in Park Place Methodist Church, is alleged to have abducted Anita May Stillson, the thirteen-year-old daughter of Stillson, who lives at 1910 Powhatan Street. Miss Sisco, it further appears, acted as intermediary between mother and daughter. At Mrs. Stillson's request, Miss Sisco went to the Stillson's request, acted the city of the company of the city of to the Stillson home in this city, secured the girl and put her on a train for the Michigan city.

Transportation was furnished by the mother. the mother,

It developed during the hearing this morning that the daughter is on a visit of two weeks to her mother and that she had no intention of staying away from her father any great length of time. Nor does it appear that the mother wanted to held her. The child wanted to see her mother. The father might have objected, so she prepared for the trip and left home without consulting him. It would appear that there has been no intent at kidnapping.

Stillson and his family came to Richmond two years ago with their three children—two boys and a girl.

Mrs. Stillson, it is said, became tired of Richmond, and her husband, too, and went back to Michigan, where the divorce was proer wanted to hold her. The child

igan, where the divorce was pro-cured. A copy of the decree was sent to the husband and is yet retained by him.

The court in which the decree The court in which the decree was procured has never passed on the matter of the custody of the children. This phase, it is un-derstood, was to have been passed upon later. In the meantime the father has had custody of the children.

children.
Stillson remained in Richmond and procured employment with the Virginia Railway and Power

Company as conductor.

He appeared at police head-quarters last Friday and made complaint, but it was not until yesterday that Miss Sisco was Stillson professed ignorance of the whereabouts of his daughter,

the whereabouts of his daughter, not being cognizant of the circumstances. Hence the charge of abduction, or kidnapping.

Stillson does not seem inclined to be harsh towards the young woman, who, it would appear, has been an innocent intermediary. No one questions her intentions, and her arrest, it is emphasized, should not be construed as indicative of intentional wrongdoing.

Miss Sisco, following her arrest, where she was closely questioned. She answered the questions frankly, and in a straightforward manner. She declared that she had nothing to concent.

nothing to concent. nothing to concent.

She easily secured a hondsman in the person of R. A. Clarke, also a Michigander, who furnished surety in the sum of \$300. Miss Sisco was bailed by Justice Crutchfield. The young woman's interests are being looked after by Attorney Gilbert K. Pollock.

### END AMICABLY THREATENED TO KILL POLICEMAN

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Special.—
Heavy details of police guarded the seven mills now running here today, and with drawn clubs forced back crowds of angry strikers, maintaining a "dead line," 160 yards from the mills.
Joseph A. Damamiz, who owns a house in front of the Butler mill, defied the order of a policeman to move on. When arrested his wife passed a keen-edged hatchet to him. The officers grabbed the weapon before the man had a chance to use it. Husband and wife were rushed to the police station.

The police fear the industrial weaver

### WIFE DESERTED AGED HUSBAND

HOBOKEN, N. J., Special. — Mrs. Edith Schuden, the beautiful young wife of Max Schuden, a wealthy and aged business man, of 1638 North Washington Street, Baltimore, who eloped with Frank Jahn two weeks after her marriage, taking a large sum of money and practically all her husband's jewelry, was arrested today just as she and Jahn had boarded the liner Noordam.

They were taken at once to police headquarters, where they admitted their identity.

UTICA, N. Y., Special.—Blin H. Carpenter, aged fourteen, is in a critical condition at his home at Chenango, Lake, as the result of being kicked in the face by an enraged horse. The lad was employed to ride a colt, when the mother of the Turkish government to accept the terms offered by Italy.

It is stated that Russia has even suggested the partition of the Ottoman Empire. This scheme was discussed at the recent conference of Cara and Kaiser.

Germany is the chief objector to this plan, as she has received valuable that the partition of the Parte that she cannowless the partition of the partition of the colors of Europe in an attempt to bring about united action to terminate the war between Italy and Turkey. It is the purpose of the several powers to force the Turkish government to accept the terms offered by Italy.

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their identity.

When Jahn was searched the police found in his possession \$1,450 in cash, a heavy gold watch and chain, a diamond ring and other jewelry, which, Mrs. Schuden said, had originally belonged to her husband. They had planned to sail for Germany, they both declared, where they had planned to marry.

"Why did you leave your husband?"

Was broken, the upper lip cut through, there was a double fracture of the lower jaw, and several of the boy's teeth were knocked out. It is also feared his skull is fractured, as he remains in a comatose condition. to marry.
"Why did you leave your husband?"

she was asked. "Oh, he was too old," replied the "Oh, he was too old, replied the handsome young woman.

The two confessed their love for each other to Chief of Police Hayes, and asked that they be sent to the same cell. This request was refused.

LEFT THEM AT HOME WHERE IT IS CLAIMED SHE SOUGHT REVENGE.

A man in Massachusetts who was prevented by his family from marrying the girl he loved, took to his bed from spite, and has remained there forty years. This seems foolish, but it was a much better way of relieving spite than by shooting up the family or the girl, as some despondent lovers do by way of protest.—Covington Dispatch.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Special.—Mrs. Sophia Hoffman, aged thirty-two, formerly of Chicago, was arrested here may be for making counterfeit moulds and is held under bond to answer the charge.

The question is now agitating the newspapers as to what is the plural of moulds and is held under bond to answer the charge.

The arrest was made on information from Chicago that the woman, through two confederates, had placed A man in Massachusetts who was

### CHALONER DEMANDS THAT N. Y. JUDGE BE IMPEACHED

John Armstrong Chaloner, of Virginia and New York, demands the impeachment of United States District Judge George C. Holt, of New York. He has sent a copy of his petition to every member of the House of Representatives. He demands that Judge Holt be impeached for malfeasance in office, in that he refused to obey the mandate of the United States Circuit mandate of the United States Circuit
Court of Appeals for the Southern
District of New York, which has ruled
in Mr. Chaloner's favor, but instead
practically threw him out of court
and placed him in the position of a
suppliant who must wait three years
outside the doors of justice.

Discusses His Petition.
In discussing the petition, Mr. Chaloner says:

In discussing the petition, Mr. Chaloner says:

"I am a good citizen and a lawyer, so that I have no desire to attack the laws. It is not the law which is at fault, in my case, but the manner in which the law is subverted. If I could secure a fair and impartial trial, I would be a free man in New York, as I am here in Virginia today, and I would have the control of my property, which is unlawfully withheld from me—an estate worth \$1,500,000—which I do not want for my own use, for I have the simplest tastes, but which I have deeded to the educational institutions of Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina.

"For fifteen years I have lived a life of misery and all I have to which I can look forward is a fight—a struggle for vindication, a chance to prove that I am right and to show the world that I have been more maligned and persecuted than even Dreyfus. He, an ianocent man, was shut up on Devii's Island, surrounded only by convicts; but I, a sane man, for four years was jailed in Bloomingdale with insane persons as my associates.

"Having exhausted every means to seeme the provention of the southern District of New York, in said case of the Court, of Appeals for the Southern District of Sant Court, in said case of the court, of Appeals for the Southern District of New York, in said case of the court, namely, the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Southern District of New York, in said case of the court, namely, the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Southern District of New York, in said case of the court, namely, the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Southern District of New York, in said case of the court, namely the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Southern District of New York, in said case of Chaloner against Sherman, handed down, so far back as 1908; in which said decision the learned United States Circuit Court of Appeals held that your petitioner the states that the court of Appeals held that your petitioner the states to prove the sum of the court

lieve that these national lawmakers will permit even a United States judge to trample upon the laws of the land.

taining citations of evidence, assignments of errors, an appendix touching upon the "Lunacy Law of the World" and a copy of the deed granting the Chaloner estate to the University of Virginia and the University of North Carolina, as resignary legatees.

of Chaloner against Sherman out of court.

Such ermined anarchy is not to be tolerated.

JOHN ARMSTRONG CHALONER.

Attorney for Petitioner in propria persona.

(Here follows oath before notary public.)

## Text of His Petition.

Text of His Petition.

The petition follows:
Petition. To the Honorable Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States—Greeting:
Your petitioner, a law writer of record, author of "The Lunacy Law of the World," on file in various law libraries in the United States, among others that of the Supreme Court of the United States, a critique of which work by leading Law Reviews of the United States is herewith annexed as an appendix—prays this honorable court for the impeachment for malfeasance in office in refusing to obey the mandate of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the South-

the manuate of the United States Cir-cuit Court of Appeals for the South-ern District of New York, his appel-late court, for malfeasance in office upon the part of George C. Holt, judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York; whereby your petitioner suf-fered grievous wrong grave financial

insane persons as my associates.

"Having exhausted every means to secure justice, I now appeal to the people of the United States, through their representatives in Washington, believing that these men are really representatives and servants of the people of the country and not their masters. I cannot and will not believe that these national lawmakers will permit even a United States judge to trample upon the laws of the land.

"If however the representatives and estate, is a citizen of the state of Virginia, while said Thomas T. Sherman, the falsely alleged committee of your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the with permit even a United States Judge to trample upon the laws of the land.

"If, however, the representatives refuse to act upon my petition, I will go again before the country and directly to its people, by making a campaign and speaking in public halls.

Promises Some Schsations.
"I will have many things to tell—some of them sensational, all of them true.
"I will show from the record that I was unlawfully placed in a lumatic asylum by means of false swearing. When my two brothers, ex-Lieutenary Covernor Louis Stuviered to the sum in controversy—namely, your petitioner's entire property, being at least \$2,000; being, in fact, a million and a half—wrongfully withheld from your petitioner by said Sherman, by virtue of an illegal and void decree of the Supreme Court of New York in 1899, being part of a proceeding in said same New York Supreme Court under date 1897, equally illegal and void for want of jurisdiction over the person and property being at least \$2,000; being, in fact, a million and a half—wrongfully withheld from your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the State of New York, and the sum in controversy—namely, your petitioner's entire property, being at least \$2,000; being, in fact, a million and a half—wrongfully withheld from your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the State of New York, and the sum in controversy—namely, your petitioner's entire property, being at least \$2,000; being, in fact, a million and a half—wrongfully withheld from your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the State of New York, and the sum in controversy—namely, your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the State of New York, and the sum in controversy—namely, your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the State of New York, and the sum in controversy—namely, your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the State of New York, and the sum in controversy—namely, your petitioner's person and estate, is a citizen of the state of New York, and the sum in controv

Them true.

"I will show from the record that I was unlawfully placed in a lumatic asylum by means of false swearing. When my two brothers, ex-Lieuten ant Governor Louis Stuyvesant Chanler and Winthrop Astor Chanler, and my cousin, Arthur Astor Carey, made oath that I was insane and had me incarcerated in Bloomingdale, Carey had not seen me for two years, and my brothers had not seen me for months, but yet they swore to what took place at my home at 'Merrie had ever been near the place, and the Lleutenant Governor was in Europe and rushed home to sign away my freedom.

"It was also sworn to that I had been confined in an asylum at Neuilly, in France—sworn to, mind you—but Princess Amelia Troubetzkoy, my former wife, testified that the only time I had been there was to visit a man I had been there was to visit a

of my several allegations against the regularity of Judge Holt. The court record is my sole witness.

"In conclusion, no man should be surprised to learn that when an American citizen is cheated of his rights by a weak judge in combination with interested relatives, said citizen should feel inclined to fight for his rights. Therefore, no man should be surprised to learn that I propose to fight for mine on the public platform as fully set forth in my petition to the House of Representatives until public sentiment is sufficiently awakened to succeed in arousing a single congressman, out of the 400 members of Congress, to a sense of public duty sufficient to enable said single congressman to muster up courage sufficient to move for the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives taking said matter under advisement.

Mr. Chaloner's appeal is set forth in a pamphlet of fifty-four pages, containing citations of evidence, assignments of errors, an appendix touching

Station.

The police fear the industrial weaver workers intend to resort to the methods adopted in the Lawrence strike, and are preparing for any hostile moves.

Stricken districts of Russia, according to official reports received by the government today. Parent's driven mad by starvation are eating the bodies of their own children.

At a small ville.

At a small village in Southern Russia one peasant killed his entire family of four, one by one, and ate his vic-tims. He subsequently confessed and was knouted to death.

HE WAS RIDING COLT, WHEN ANIMAL RUSHED TO AID OF OFFSPRING.

UTICA, N. Y., Special.-Blin H.

# MOULDS FOUND

moulds for making counterfeit half mounds for making counterfeit nair dollars in the residence of William Friedman, of 1725 Thirteenth Street, Chicago, after which secret service men were tipped that the moulds were there.

Friedman's arrest followed. It is charged that Mrs. Hoffman was seeking revenue after a countryl with the

ing revenge after a quarrel with the Friedmans and took this method of procuring it.

### NATIONS TRYING TO CHECK WAR

ALL EUROPE TRYING TO MAKE PEACE BETWEEN ITALY AND TURKEY.

VIENNA, Special.-Notes are being exchanged by the chancellors of

this plan, as she has received valuable concessions from the Porte that she might lose under any arrangement for a partition. Russia's chief supporter is Great Britain.

ELIMINATION RACE FOR BALLOON CONTEST

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 22 .- With ten big gas bags already entered, it is expected that at least a dozen bal-loons will sail Saturday in the elimination contest for the international balloon race. The three balloons declared winners in the contest will rep-resent America in the Gordon Ben-nett cup contest, to be sailed from